BEING THE

SUBSTANCE

OFA

DISCOURSE

Delivered in

DUBLIN,

December the 21st, 1753.

By JOHN CENNICK.

A faithful Man shall abound with Biessings. Prov.

All these Bleffings shall come upon thee. Deut. xxviii. 2.

THE SECOND EDITION.

DUBLIN Printed:

LONDON, Re-printed; and fold by M. LEWIS, No. 15 in Paternoster-Row, 1771.

GUUTLEL GUL

ALTOTEL STATE

I O MADE BU

4.10

DISCOUNTS D



AND THE CONTRACTOR

The top top the state of a second state of a sec

. ans. I de desente le tringe. A bri a dil



world in comment with bornes we learn that to second at P. of the Tree and over be used for the null Bring his Gorgels and thought Houses

BEATITUDES.

agait for his Worley and the Divine Service

opened and manifel in another World, and whis is

prefect of the relate? The surell'emple that be

Blessed are the poor in Spirit, for theirs is the Kingdom of Heaven. dear kinderen. Els being willing to be feen and

neard by Wil thould reach us, he have not willing # HIS is the Beginning of our Saviour's Sermon upon the Mount, and is the T more remarkable, because as the Old Testament, or the last of the Prophets, ends with a Threatning and Curfe, fo our Saviour begins his New Testament with a Bleffing, and opens his Mouth in the Gospel Dispensation. with gracious Promifes, bout and and Boll telletel

In this Discourse he has taught his Disciples many weighty Lessons; the Whole has been justly praised by all his People, and is a Transcript of his Mind. and the best ecclesiastical Rule, Ritual, and Rubrick of his universal Church. it rong on the balled

ber 49 lenu stel ed son RuA:2 " risvastl to moogn He s.ids

He delivered this Discourse upon a Mountain (for great Multitudes followed him) that so all might fee and hear him. The Scribes and Pharifees without Doubt defrised him for this Manner of preaching. and especially those who were so send of the Temple, that they had hated the Samaritans, and such as worshipped out of it: But hence we learn, that to our Saviour all Places are alike, and may be used for the publishing his Gospel; and though Houses fet apart for his Worship and the Divine Service are good and convenient, yet we must not forget that "he dwells not in Temples made with Hands. but where two or three are met in his Name he is present in the midft." The ture Temple shall be opened and manifest in another World, and this is God and the Lamb himself. We should not place any great Matter in the Form of fetting forth the Word of God, fince Jesus frequently sat and taught the People. He meant by it the greatest Familiarity, and spoke with his Creatures as a Father to his dear Children. His being willing to be feen and heard by all, should teach us, he is not willing any should be hindered to look upon him and be faved, nor is it of him when he is not heard to eternal Life. The God of this World is the fole Author and Cause of all that Blindness, Backwardness and Unwillingness in Men to come to Jefus that they might have Life.

The Time will not allow me to speak of all the blessed Doctrines contained in this Sermon of our Lord's at this Time: I will therefore only speak of those Beatleudes or Blessings pronounced in the former Part of it, and this I purpose to do in a simple

and free Manner.

"Bleffed are the poor in Spirit, for theirs is the Kingdom of Heaven." It must not be left unobserved, that

that the poor in Spirit, or the spiritually poor People, have the first Right to all the Blessings of God. This

is to me very important.

When St. Luke relates the Particulars of this divine Discourse he mentions only the Poor, but St. Matthew is more clear; for though our Saviour's Disciples were poor Men, and but few noble or rich called to his Church, yet therefore, because the poor or common People heard him gladly, and followed him, are they not bleffed, but the poor in Spirit, the Souls who are poor and worthless in the rown Eves, these are they our Saviour blesses. It might not be amis to observe, that poor and mean People in the World have succeeded better with our Saviour than the Rich or Wealthy; but perhaps the God of Equity has so ordered it, that some who defire it have been Vessels of Honour in the World, and had their Good Things here, while others have had their Evil Things, and been Vessels of Difhonour, but have found the Pearl of great Price, and in their low Effate; like the Virgin Mary have found the Lord, and that Treasure laid up in Heaven. Though, as I faid before, the outward or bodily Poverty have not always had this Effect. or been the Reason of their being chosen into the Kingdom of Heaven; but where the Wants and Afflictions, the Poverty and Penury of this Life, have put the Soul upon feeking true Riches, there it must be confessed, it was good for them that, they have been afflicted. Riches, on the other Hand, have proved a Hurt and a Snare, and hindered many to be faved. Our Saviour fays, how hardly shall they that have Riches enter the Kingdom of God? They have much to leave, they find it difficult to fubmit to the Foolishness of the preaching of Faith, a Sense of Honour keeps them ashamed of Jesus and

and his People; their Education teaches them to despise the unpolish'd Simplicity and artless Behaviour of the Children of God; they know how to reason; they are high, and all their little religious Acts are so magnified, that it often seems to them as if they supported the Cause of the Lord, and their Power defended it, or as if Jesus was beholden to them; and when they put on the Form of Godlinefs, they are too apt to lord it over the meaner Sort, and People of an inferior Rank; thus they cheat themselves and miss true Happiness; or are they profane? then their Riches helps them on in their mad Course, and paves their Way and makes it smooth to Hell. They take great Liberties, they jest and ridicule the Scriptures, they mock the Faith, dispute atheistically, serve their Lusts, Pleafures, and the God of this World with all Greediness. oppress their Subjects, and are quite unconcerned about giving any Account of their Stewardship, till they are called away, and then what Good will all their Riches do them? Who of their Companions can fave them, or of what Advantage will it be for them to recollect how great or wealthy they have been in the World, when they have lost their own Souls? Many of these, if they had been poor in the World, perhaps, might have had a Part in the Kingdom of God; and, on the other Hand, I doubt not but that many in Heaven might have perished had they been rich or great in the World. The wife Disposer of all Things knows what he does he has chosen his People should have little of the World, but he has prepared for them a Kingdom ! We should not therefore once repine because the Bleffings of this Life feem to be fo unequally divided, or because some are so loaded with good Things, and we have but Food and Raiments or ëven

even suffer in that respect. He that sitteth in Heaven ruleth all Things well. Let us only get an Interest in him, and we shall not envy them who have their Corn and Wine and Oil increased, we are far richer than they all, and far happier; for when the Earth is burnt up, and Time is no longer, we have a Kingdom that cannot be shaken, and Riches which no Moth or Rust can corrupt, or Thief break

through and steal.

After all that has been faid, where a Man is a faithful Steward of that committed to him, and where his Heart leaves all that he has and gets hold of Jesus our dear Saviour, his having been rich or noble will be no Hindrance to his Salvation; and where a poor Man despites our Saviour's Grace, and lives careless of his Blood and Merits, and does not come to him, his Poverty will not help him: He may be a Beggar, or suffer Want, or be very low and poor in the World, and yet have a high, proud, and stubborn Heart, and be of that unhappy Number that God beholds afar off.

True Poverty of Spirit is, as St. Austin observes, Humility; it is a lowness of Heart which proceeds from a divine Conviction of our finful and bad State

by Nature.

That Man is poor who has no Money, Cloaths, House, or Friend, but is in Debt greatly, his Wise and Children are sold to be Slaves, and he cast into Prison till Payment be made. Thus he is poor in Spirit who knows he has no good Thing dwelling in him, he has no real Righteousness, he has a Sense of his owing his Lord very much, he has nothing to offer, can promise nothing, can do nothing, feels his Guilt, his sinful Nature, his Enmity, his Carelessiness, his Hardeness of Heart, and Incapacity to help himself. He looks upon himself directly in

that State described in the fixteenth Chapter of Ezekiel, east out to the loathing of his Person in the open Field, neither washed, cloathed, or pitied, but friendless and undone. No one but he that has experienced a deep Awakening by Means of the Holy Spirit, can judge of fuch Peoples Cafe. How mean, how little and worthless they are in their own Eves! how felf-condemned and abhorred for all they do, or think, or fay? how finnerely they can telf our Saviour, I am poor and needy. This is indeed the Estate and Condition of all Men, but they do not, they will not know and confess it. Hence arise all the Deceits of Self-righteousness, and all the Fancies of being holy, good, or better than others. Hence they frequently suppose themselves rich, and increased with Goods, and have need of nothing, but imagine they have been educated well, done a great deal of Good, wronged no-body, kept to Church, given Alms, and been merciful, charitable to the Poor, and made a tolerable Proficiency in the Knowledge of the Scriptures; but such are the Landiceans, the luke-warm People, whom our Saviour will spue out of his Mouth, and whose Righteoufness is like the Morning Dew. A poor Sinner has not fuch Thoughts, he cannot value himfelf any more; he looks upon himfelf on a level with the worst and vilest of Men, and that not perhaps because he has been a Murderer, an Adulterers, or House-breaker, but on account of his filthy and nafty Heart: He finds Fault with all that others about him may praise and commend in him; and under fuch a Sense of his fallen and spoiled State, he fits down at Jesus's Feet, or begs at his Door of Mercy: He can plead nothing he has done, or merited: He has nothing unsported or without Blemish to lay upon his Altar, all that he has is lame, and halt, and blind, and therefore his only Hope, his Thirst, and daily Cry is, Have

Mercy on me! O dear Saviour pity me!

No Angel's Tongue can describe how dear and precious Jesus is in such a Soul's Eyes; they would part with their Lives joyfully to know him as their own; had they ten Worlds they would not hesitate a Moment about it, but would part with them all to feel his Love, and be affured of his tender Mercy; "Bleffed are fuch poor in Spirit, theirs is the Kingdom of Heaven." I know thy Poverty, fays our Saviour to fuch, but thou art high. It was his first and chiefest Design in the Redemption to help fuch poor People; he looks on them as Men ready to perish, Souls that owed much, but had nothing to pay, and therefore he would stand their Friend, and make Satisfaction for them: He became their Surety, stood in their Place, paid off the frightful Score, and obtained and provided the Kingdom of Heaven for them. O this is amazing Grace! but not more wonderful than true and cer-What Joy must a Christian Soul perceive and feel in his Heart who just now fat down weary, or fighing for Mercy, with a Heart ready to break at our Saviour's Feet, and yet, through a Consciousness of Sin, could hardly hope to be accepted, when our Saviour whispers within, "Thine is the Kingdom of Heaven. I have loved thee with everlafting Love. I had hid myself a little Moment and thou wast troubled, but now the Winter, is past and the Storm gone, and the Time of the finging of Birds is come, rife up my Love, my Dove, and come away!" O fuch an one must think with Shame, Lord, what am I! and must be abased and bowed down with Thankfulness and Gratitude for ever, and more and more wonder at this Grace and great Salvation, and cleave 24

Cleave to our Saviour, love and value his Death and Obedience, and be resolved only to exalt and bless him for ever.

This Bleffedness always accompanies a Person spiritually poor, they are bleffed, and shall be bleffed. Theirs is the Kingdom. No fooner is a Soul stripped of all Self-holiness and dead to the Law, i. e. without any Hope of Help thereby, but quite poor in Mind and Heart, ventures to the Cross or Feet of Tesus; but the Holy Spirit comforts him, and lets him know, the Kingdom of Heaven is his; he leads him in to possess it, and grants him such a Lot of his Part therein, strikes him with so deep a Sense of our Saviour's free and eternal Love to him. and at the same Time gives him such a Forestate of this Kingdom which is now his, and of which there shall be no End, that the Remembrance of this Hour, this happy Time, shall always be fresh and lively to him for ever; and let what will happen afterwards to him which can either pain, or grieve, or trouble him, or fink his Spirits, this shall still comfort him, that the Kingdom of Heaven is his; and as long as he abides under the Sense of his own Poverty, fo long shall the same Lord and Saviour refresh and bless him in this Manner, till he enters the Gates into the Fulness of this Kingdom, at God's Right Hand in the Glory everlasting.

All the Bleffings in the Old Testament were promised by the Prophets to the Poor: He helpeth the Poor when he crieth, the Needy, and him that has no Helper. He listeth the Poor out of the Mire. He considereth the Poor. "I will dwell, saith he, with him that is poor, and trembleth at my Word." Expressions of this Nature are sound in almost every Book of the Scripture, and all the Meaning of these is comprehended in these gracious Words of our Savi-

our, "Blessed are the poor in Spirit, for theirs is the Kingdom of Heaven." Blessed are they who are mean, and little, and worthless in their own Eyes, as a Bit of Dust, as a poor small and contemptible Worm, who are convinced of their own Nothingness and Poverty; to such belongs the Kingdom of Heaven; for such Christ died; out of Pity to such he was extreme poor, that they through his Poverty might become rich; and by his having nothing, and being a Servant, they might posses all Things, and be Kings and Priess to God, rich in Faith, and with that Gold tried in the Fire, and having got the Treasure hid in the Field, spoken of by our Saviour, they shall be esteemed rich indeed of God and all the

Angels in Eternity.

. "Bleffed are they that mourn, for they shall be comforted." In that folemn and awful Charge given to the Destroying Angels in the ninth of Ezekiel wherein they are commanded "to flay utterly Old and Young, nor fuffer their Eyes to spare or pity," they are forbid to come near those that mourn. was also mentioned as a chief Part of our Saviour's Office in the World, "He shall comfort those that mourn." Solomon also had said, It was safer to be in the House of Mourning than in the House of Mirth. But who are these meant in the Text? The Mournners of Sion; they are People whose Eyes God has opened to see their own Hearts, poor People who feel their Sin, and want Salvation. Some, when they are a little awakened, comfort themselves with thinking they are not very bad, but better than many others; or let their Friends comfort them by perfuading them the same, or that they are good Christians already, and in a safe way: They call all spiritual Concern a Madness, and take all due Care to keep People from the Danger; yea, if a most aban-

[12]

abandoned Liver, a notorious Drunkard or Whoremonger, of whom they had before no Manner of Care, should come under any Apprehensions of Danger, or should grow uneasy about his suture State, such would be very ready to help him out of this Error, and advise him to be of good Cheer, to ride out, or go to the Play, or get into some merry Company, or change the Air, or take Phyfick; and often Souls are comforted by this Means, and they feem to get out of all their Fears or Uneafiness directly; for they have had Comforters, but fuch as Job's were are all fuch! Miserable Comforters indeed! These are they of whom the Prophet complains so heavily, "They heal the Hurt of the Daughter of my People flightly, crying, Peace, Peace, when there is no Peace." But a Soul truly convinced of Sin cannot and will not be comforted with such Things; "they look upon him whom they have pierced, and mourn for him as one mours for her only Son." Nothing less than the Holy Ghost can comfort them. All they want is to know they are forgiven and shall be faved; they want to be affured of their being Children of God, and at Peace with him through Jesus Christ. These are the Mourners spoken of in this Place; they feel the want of a Saviour, they cannot be put off with Health, Riches, Company, Pleasures, &c. they are too sensible of their Guilt and Sin, too heavy laden and weary, too fick and disordered, and uneasy to be diverted with any thing less than the Kisses of the Beloved. As long as he is at a Distance, they are troubled till they feel his Love shed abroad in their Hearts; they mourn, and they shall be comforted. Our Saviour will wipe away the Tears from their Eyes, he will speak Peace to their Hearts; they cannot do without his Presence, and they shall have it for evermore: e

t.

t

d

1

n

y

lt

d

y

g

y

y

11

11

-

more; they will not rest without his Consolation. and he will fend the Holy Ghost the Comforter to comfort them. "I will comfort you, faith he, as a Mother comforts her only Son;" I will remove thy Fears and Jealousies, and assure thee of my Affection and Loving-kindness; I will be thy good Saviour; I will forgive thee, and thy past mis-spent Life I will forget, and enter into an everlasting Covenant with thee that thou shalt be my Child Thus it happened with Hezekiah, he mourned like a Dove and was alone, and comfortless like a Swallow upon the House-top, and turned to the Wall, wept and faid, Lord I am oppressed, undertake for me, and the Lord heard his Supplication, and faw his Tears, he heard his Moan and comforted him, affuring him all his Sins were cast behind his Back. Thus he treated David, Paul, Cornelious, and as many as mourned after him, and thus he does in our Days. The mourning of a Soul after Salvation is nothing else but being fick of Love, and languishing for the Holy Spirit to affure him he is beloved by our Saviour; and till he is this way comforted he must mourn, he cannot help it, and if any thing short of the Blood and Pardon of the Lamb can stop his Grief, he is an unhappy Person, be he who he will.

There is such a Blessedness attainable, such a divine Assurance of the Love of God to us, and such a Certainty of our going to Heaven as can refresh and comfort the otherwise inconsolable. All that sincerely seek Salvation, and neither want to cheat themselves, or suffer themselves to be cheated by others, shall be comforted with this eternal Consolation. Let him only turn to the Man of Sorrows, and mourn after him, and he shall be blessed, the Lord himself shall comfort him, and the Days of

his Mourning shall have an eternal End; "the Mouth of the Lord hath spoken it, they shall be comforted."

"Blessed are the Meek, for they shall inherit the Earth." A meek Person is a tender hearted Person, or, as it is expressed in Scripture, a contrite one, a bruised or broken-hearted Soul. His Conscience is softened by looking upon Jesus, he has learned it of him. He no more behaves impudently or strong, he is no more careless or hardened in his natural State; but it is just so with him as it was with Peter when our Saviour looked upon him, his Eyes and Heart melted immediately, he curfed and lyed no more, but with bitter Tears fought Pardon, fo he melts before the Lamb of God; a sharp Word can pierce through such, every tender Conviction fastens upon their Heart, and an Openness to confess and acknowledge their being to blame is visible in them. They are poor Sinners, whose Hearts, Consciences, and Eyes are softened by the Blood of Jesus. A Sight of his Death has stamped an everlasting Mark upon their Foreheads, and made their inmost Soul like melted Wax. Their tenderness of Conscience, Scrupulosity, and Fear of doing any thing wrong to grieve our Saviour, often may expose them to the Censures of a blind World, wherein they are like Fools and Babes, and those who mock them are indeed far more wife in their Generation than they. They shall inherit the They properly inherit this World, for they have in the Presence and Enjoyment of our Saviour's Love, an hundred fold more here than all they can lose or suffer on his Account, and the World to come shall be theirs also. They are now the only happy People; let the Weather be fair or stormy, let their State in Life be easy or difficult, let them be fickly or healthy, be beloved or hated, or have much or fuffer Want, they are well; every Morfel they eat is sweet, and, as it were, dipped in the Blood of Jesus; their Sufferings are the Honour of enduring fomething from the World for Christ's sake. Their Life is the Life of the Son of God, their Death the Death of the Righteous, and eternal Gain. Are they fick? They cannot forget every Pain helps gently to loofe the Silver Cord and break the Earthen Vessel, that they may fly away and be at Rest. Is the Weather bad? Have they long Journeys to go? Are they exposed to Trials of Penury or Want? how happy are they, fince they shall soon arrive at the Haven where they would be? No Storm shall threaten them after a few Days. Yet a little while and they shall hunger and thirst no more. But when the Lord their Saviour shall make a new Heaven and a new Earth, they shall inherit it, they shall be the Inhabitants with him in his New World, and shall follow him whithersoever he goeth.

"Bleffed are they which hunger and thirst after Righteousness, for they shall be filled." The great Defire and pressing after Righteousness, is here and in many other Places called hungering and thirsting; fince no hungry Man so wants Bread when he is starving, no Man perishing for lack of Drink fo longs and thirsts. for Water as an awakened Soul longs for the Righteousness of Christ. All Mankind are more or less fensible, that they must be righteous, and that without Holiness no Man can see the Lord, but then they generally make a Righteousness of their Morality, Duties, Works, and Prayers, and this is always the Case till the Lord's Eyes try their fig-leav'd, selfwrought Garment, and as foon as his Voice calls and awakes them from their Dream, and he opens their Eyes to see their Nakedness and the Insufficiency of all their own Doings, and how far short they fall from the Righteousness which avails before God, it is

no Wonder that they feel Diffress, and begin to be in want of a better Righteousness. As soon as the Obedience and Sufferings of Christ Jesus are preached before fuch People, the Holy Spirit stirs up in them fuch a Hunger and Thirst for him and his Merits, They languish and pant for Salvaas is infatiable. tion as a dry Land for the refreshing Rain, and cannot rest till they have obtained their Desire, or taken, as it were the, "Kingdom of Heaven by Violence, for the Violent take it by Force." To be in such a State, in such a hungry and eager Condition, athirst for our Saviour's Blood and Righteoufness, is a Blefsedness, for they shall be filled; they shall have what they want; they shall know what that means, "He will pour Water upon him that is thirsty, and Floods upon the dry Ground;" he shall be filled, or as it is said, He shall fatiate the hungry Soul with Goodness, or as the Virgin Mary expresses it, "He filleth the Hungry with good Things." They shall be cloathed with the Righteousness of our Lord Jesus, it shall be to them a white Robe; they shall be secured therein, be juflified thereby, be so safe, so healed, so happy, and fatisfied, that they shall be filled, in the strictest Sense, and fland compleat and perfect before God by this Means, and be inwardly cleanfed and bleffed in their own Souls. Let then fuch as now hunger and thirst for the Lamb and his Right courners be of good Comfort, they shall be filled, they shall be satisfied with him, and have enough to all Eternity.

"Bleffed are the Merciful, for they shall obtain Mecy." When a Soul is converted and pardoned he becomes merciful; he cannot suffer a revengeful Thought; he may not be bitter or cruel, our Saviour will not suffer such a Spirit, it is not of him, but of the World and Satan. Of Jesus we learn to be tender-hearted, long-suffering, and of a forgiving forgiven Nature. It is so in our Hearts, and whoso cannot forgive, he is not forgiven. Let it appear or cloak itself in what Manner it will, come disguised as it pleases, all Revenge, Barbarity, Severity, and repaying Evil is sinful; but who is merciful and ready to forgive, he shall find his heavenly Father measure the same to him, and in all his Mistakes and Failings he shall be sorgiven, and feel what a merciful Saviour he has to deal with. Hence our Saviour teaches us to pray, "Forgive us our Trespasses, as we forgive them that trespass against us;" and this also is his Doctrine, "If we forgive not, neither shall ye be forgiven," or, as he saith in the Parable, "Did not I forgive thee when thou desireds me? Shouldst not thou also have for-

given thy Fellow-fervant?"

Let then no Sort of Resentment have a Place in our Hearts, it is Pride. Let no Rancour, Sourness, or hard Thoughts find Room in our Breasts, it is against our Saviour's Mind. Let us be glad to forgive, ready to help the Poor and Needy, and pity all in Diffres, in Prisons, in Debt, in Affliction, in Danger, in Pain or Sickness, in Want, and under Oppression, and should our Enemy hunger, let us rejoice to feed him, and should he thirst, let us give him to drink, and have a merciful Heart and Behaviour toward all Men, especially to religious People and fuch as believe, so shall we obtain mercy and Favour of God in our Need, and he will not deal with us after our Sins, but after the Multitude of his Mercies. But if ye behave cruel, it shall come home to you again; behave severe, so shall others behave to you, revenge yourselves at a convenient Time, when it is in your Power, and all shall one Day, sooner or later, justly be returned upon your own Heads, and full Measure, pressed down and running over, shall Men heap hard Things and very bitter and heavy into your Bosoms. The true Way to be merciful ciful is to learn it of our Saviour, for whoso is acquainted with him, and continues in his Love, is loving and merciful, so that Men can perceive he has been with Jesus. Be ye then merciful, for your Father in Héa-

ven is merciful, and ye shall obtain Mercy.

"Bleffed are the pure in Heart, for they shall fee God." The pure-hearted People are fuch as have obtained the true Faith in Chrift, and whose Hearts have been purified through the Blood he has sprinkled thereon. None are pure in Heart by Nature; for by Nature all our Hearts are corrupted and desperately wicked, and thence proceed all evil Thoughts, Lufts, Murders, Thests, Blasphemies, &c. which defile the Man; but as foon as our Saviour befprinkles us with Water we are made clean, and when he washes us in his Blood we are whiter than Snow. The Eves are no more full of Adulteries, the Ears no more open to filthy speaking, the Heart changed, and chaste, and pure. They are justified, they are fanctified, and not only have made the Outside of the Cup or Platter clean, but the Infide is clean also. These are Souls who have received the Remission of Sins, and whose Souls and Bodies are hallowed by the Holy Spirit, and fet appart to be the Temple of God. These are they who have their Eyes anointed with the Eye-falve, and they fee God; thay fee Jesus, they have him with them according to his Promise when he went away, and faid, "the World shall not see me, but ye see me;" and in the Hebrews it is written, "We fee Jefus, who was made lower than the Angels," i. e. our Eyes are opened, we now fee God, we view him in his Bleeding Form by Faith and in Spirit, and yet fo truly, and with such Heart Satisfaction, as if he stood bodily before us. We know he is at no Distance, we behold him, and Faith serves us instead of Sight, and is better to us than seeing for the present: "Blessed are

they who have not feen, and yet have believed." Befides all the Happiness we have here in this respect, we shall hereaster see his Face, and be where he is. We shall see that loving God before whom the Seraphims cover their Faces. We shall see where the Thorns and Blows hurt and disfigured his Visage. We shall see his Hands and Feet, we shall look upon his Side, and delight and feast ourselves with this beatificial Vision to all Eternity, when wicked Men. Apostates, and Unbelievers shall fly from his Presence in the Great Day, and shall hide themselves in Rocks and Mountains, we shall see him with Joy, and all whose Hearts have been purged by his Blood from dead Works, and purified from Sin, may fay with Job, " Ishall see God, and shall see him for myself and not for another." "Bleffed are the pure in Heart, they shall fee God !"

"Bleffed are the Peace-makers, for they shall be called Children of God." It is a Satanical Spirit to flir up Strife, to foment and make Mischief between religious People especially. Who loves Divisions. Disputings, Janglings, and Tale-bearing, or is fond of finding Faults or uncovering the Nakedness of his Fellow-servants, he is on the Devil's Side, and joins the Accuser of the Brethren; such should be marked and shunned, they are the bad Leaven in the Lump, and do much Harm; but "bleffed are the Peacemakers," People who love Unity, and are glad to cover and hide any Blemish or Mistake, and even to think the best, and not Evil; who will not flander, nor hear Slanders; who will not back-bite, nor suffer it; but who, Jesus like, could die for the Brethren, and who love Peace, and spare no Pains tenderly to root out all Highness, rash and hasty Words and Behaviour, and who learn to be mild and gertle, and will do any Thing to make Men at Peare in one House, and to keep

keep up that divine Harmony among the Children of God, which becomes them; for they are one Man's Sons, they are Brethren, and must not fall out by the Way. Blessed are they who reconcile those at Variance, remove the Mistakes and Misunderstandings that caused the Evil, and who take the Place of the Mediator and Advocate. They resemble Jesus, and are and shall be called Children of God and of Peace, Children of their Father which is in Heaven, who hates Quarrels and Fightings, and scatters such as

delight in War.

66 Bleffed are they which are perfecuted for Righteoutness take, for theirs is the Kingdom of Heaven." Formerly, in the Time of the Law, the Worshippers of God and the religious Men and Women did not feem to be the Butt and Mark of Satan's Malice fo much as now. The Prophets indeed were persecuted, and that because they generally brought heavy Tidings to their own People, and were continually firiking at the Pride, Idolatry, and Unfaithfulness of the Children of Ifrael, and speaking of a New Covenant, a better Priesthood, and of the Salvation of the Gentiles, and other such Things, which were contrary to the great Ideas they had of their own Religion, and heavy to Flesh and Blood, especialy their plain Reproofs for Sin, and the Threatnings with which they frequently were fent; but elfe the Jewish Church, from the Time of their coming out of Egypt, were hourable and revered by all People, who faw how the Lord their God fought for them, besides the driving out whole Nations and flaying Kings for their Sakes. He put a Dread and a Fear of them in all Countries; they who strove against them perished by Judgments, and those who despised them were glad to be Hewers of Wood or Drawers of Water to them. When they were small in Number, one could chase a thousand, and

and five, put five thousand to flight; the Lord was a Man of War and Leader of their Hofts, his Angels flew their Enemies by thousands in a Night; the Skies showered down Hail-stones and Fire on those who hated them, the Stars in their Courses fought against them; and only at Times when they had finned in departing from the Lord, he suffered them to be led away Captive, and let their Enemies be Lords over them, but else they were the City of Perfection. the Joy of the whole Earth. The Pomp and Glory of their Church seemed to bid Defiance to all the World, and this lasted till Jesus came. Our Saviour knew it would be quite otherwise after his Decease, for he foresaw with what Rage the Devil would purfue his poor Sheep, when he should come to know what their Shepherd had done by his dying for them; it was therefore our Saviour gave is Disciples Warning of it, as if he had told them, Little Children, ye must not think my Kingdom is of this World, for though hitherto Ferusalem and the Family of Israel have so long flourished in the Earth like a Vine, and all the Glory of the Gentiles have flowed to it, yet it has been for a Sign and a Shadow of that Ferusalem which is above, and of that Church which is at prefent invisible in the World. The Prophets to whom I opened the Mystery of my Redemption, and who were my faithful Witnesses, were a poor despised and excluded People for my Sake, and the Object of the Scorn of Satan, and the Hatred of their Brethren the Children of Israel, they have been all persecuted, some they stoned, others were sawn asunder, and all rejected and cast out of the Vineyard, so will my Children and Disciples be henceforth. As I have been hated, so they will hate them; and as upon my Father's Account, and for doing his Will, they have persecuted me, so for my Sake and for my Righteousneis

ness Sake they will be persecuted who follow me; but esteem such blessed, for theirs is the Kingdom of Heaven. My People above have all come out of great Tribulation, and in like Manner will Satan try all Believers; he will purfue them like a Dragon, and fet the World against them, but let them be of good Cheer, I have overcome the World, shortly they shall tread upon the Adder, and the Lion and the Dragon hall they tread under their Feet. "Comfort ye, comfort ye therefore, my People," and when ye fee any troubled on my Account, or for the Sake of my Righteousness, then speak comfortably to them, for theirs is the Kingdom of Heaven, "And even ye, bleffed are ye when Men shall revile you and persecute you. and shall say all Manner of Evil against you falsely for my Sake, rejoice and be exceeding glad, for great is your reward in Heaven, for so persecuted they the Prophets which were before you."

This Doctrine of our Lord Christ was soon found true; for scarcely the Devil knew the World was redeemed out of his Hands, and he had loft all with Equity through our Saviour's Death and Sufferings. and that now he had here but a short Time, but he began to rage and raise up the Kings of the Earth, and put the Counsellors to consult together against the Lord and his Anointed. All who called on his Name were perfecuted, and that before the Apostles had well begun their great Ministry. Hence, when they preached or wrote to the Churches, they taught them, that whoever would live godly in Chrift Jesus This Doctrine continues must suffer Persecution. unalterably the fame. Now, as well as formerly, Men who love our Saviour, who mention only his Righteourners, and are determined only to know him. will for that, and no other Caute, be hated and reviled; Men will be so inveterate against them, that

they

they will report all Manner of Evil against them; Men in all Religions, of all Sorts of Tempers, will be their Enemies, and separate them from their Company, and cast out their Names as Evil, will go fo far as not to buy or fell with them; Parents disown their Children, Children abhor their Parents; Masters discard and turn away their Servants, threaten and distress such as live under them, and all this, as Luther fays, 'Not because they are Murderers, Adulterers, or Thiefs, but because they love Jesus Christ, and will have no God belide him, or feek, or preach, or value any Righteousness but his, which he wrought out in Obedience to the Death of the Cross.' It is not because they are Opposers of Governments, Plotters against the State, idle, wicked, malicious, or hurtful, but because they believe the Gospel and Promises of Christ, because they exalt the Lord alone, because they are Witnesses of his Love and Mercy, and are not ashamed of his Name nor his Faith, because his Words are weightier than all other Arguments, and of more Force than all Demonstrations whatever befide. If this be the Case, they should not be therefore discouraged or dejected, but leap for Joy and be exceeding glad, for so persecuted they their Lord and dear Master, and the Prophets which were before them. It is an Honour and Glory to them to share in their Lord's Shame, and follow him thus out of the Campbearing his Reproach, for they shall follow him in his Glory in that Day when he shall come with all his Angels, and then he shall confess them. and shew such as despised them how much he loved them.

Yes, surely, a Day shall come when all the derided Followers of the Lamb, and such as for h s Sake were the Scorn of Men and the Outcasts of the People, shall be glorified in their Sight who made them a By-word

and Proverb of Reproach; they shall see them with their dear Master on the Clouds of Heaven, and shall be forced to acknowledge with Shame and Amazement, We Fools counted their Lives Madness, and their End to be without Honour, but see how they are numbered with the Saints, and have their Portion with the Children of God. Then shall they be truly honourable, and all Nations shall call them blessed. Every Blessing pronounced by the Mouth of Jesus, and every Blessing purchased by his Blood shall come upon them, and be theirs for ever.

May we also believe, so be converted, and made after our Saviour's Heart, that all these Blessings may come upon us, in Time and to all Eternity. Amen.

but because the Leve test and stend, because they are Variff, because they exalt the Level stends are Warnst assumed of his QC and expense to the State of the Conditions of t

It this be the Cale; they should wat so the

the Scotta of Minard the Outcast and the Population be along the street

fore differenced ordered if but he provides



are nit the State, id a wicked maillet